## Exercises for Course on Modeling and System Identification (MSI) Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg – Winter Term 2021-2022

## Exercise 5: Ill-Posed Linear Least-Squares & Regularization (to be returned on Dec 6th, 2021, 10:00 a.m.)

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## **Exercise Tasks**

1. ON PAPER: We would like to estimate a constant  $\theta_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  that is corrupted by additive zero-mean Gaussian noise, i.e. we assume the following model

$$y = \theta_0 + \epsilon$$

where  $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_{\epsilon}^2)$ . To this end, we use *regularized* linear least-squares, i.e. we compute the estimate  $\hat{\theta}_R$  given by

$$\hat{\theta}_{\mathrm{R}} = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{2} \|y - \Phi\theta\|_{2}^{2} + \frac{\alpha}{2} \|\theta\|_{2}^{2}$$

where  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\Phi = (1, ..., 1)^{\top} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times 1}$  and  $\alpha > 0$ . From the lecture, we know that the solution to this optimization problem is given by

$$\hat{\theta}_{\mathrm{R}} = \left(\Phi^{\top}\Phi + \alpha \mathbb{I}\right)^{-1} \Phi^{\top} y$$

- (a) Calculate the expected value  $\mathbb{E}\left\{\hat{\theta}_{R}\right\}$  of  $\hat{\theta}_{R}$ . Is the estimator unbiased and/or asymptotically unbiased? *Hint: Check Section 4.5.1. of the lecture notes.* (1 points)
- (b) Calculate the variance  $\operatorname{var}\left(\hat{\theta}_{R}\right)$  of  $\hat{\theta}_{R}$ . Compare with the unregularized case, i.e.  $\alpha = 0$ . *Hint: Check Section 4.5.2. of the lecture notes.* (1 points)
- 2. You are given the following ill-posed Linear Least-Squares problem:

$$\hat{\theta} = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2} \frac{1}{2} \|y - \Phi\theta\|_2^2 \qquad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ \vdots\\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^9 \qquad \Phi = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3}\\ \vdots & \vdots\\ \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{9 \times 2} \qquad \theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

On Grader you will find a template for this problem. If you copy the code to your computer, you can view the minimization problem in 3D.

- (a) ON PAPER: Why is this an ill-posed problem? What issue do you run into when following the usual LLS approach of  $\hat{\theta} = (\Phi^{\top} \Phi)^{-1} \Phi^{\top} y$ ? (0.5 points)
- (b) ON PAPER: Which two approaches do you know to solve this issue? (0.5 points)
- (c) MATLAB: Find a  $\hat{\theta}$  using both methods from (b). Use  $\alpha = 0.1$ . *Hint: Useful Matlab commands are:* inv(),pinv(),eye() (1 point)
- (d) ON PAPER: The original minimization problem is visualized in a figure with the two solutions (your  $\hat{\theta}$  from the previous example) as red x. Why do the solutions end up where they are? Give a reason for each solution! (1 point)

3. In this exercise task, you compare LLS and regularized LLS. As before, the regularized linear leastsquares estimator is defined as

$$\hat{\theta}_{\mathrm{R}} = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{\theta \in \mathbb{R}^n} \frac{1}{2} \|y - \Phi\theta\|_2^2 + \frac{\alpha}{2} \|\theta\|_2^2$$

where  $\alpha \ge 0$ . Note that  $\alpha = 0$  corresponds to the ordinary linear least-squares estimator. We provide data from  $N_e = 10$  experiments each comprising  $N_m = 9$  measurements.

- (a) MATLAB: For  $\alpha \in \{0, 10^{-6}, 10^{-5}, 1\}$ , fit a polynomial of order 7 to the data of the first experiment. Plot the data and the fitted polynomials. (1 point)
- (b) MATLAB: For experiment 1 and for each  $\alpha$ , compute the  $L_2$ -norm of the estimated parameters. ON PAPER: Compare the results. Do they match your expectation? (1 point)
- (c) MATLAB: To compare the goodness of fit, compute the  $R^2$  values for each of the three fits obtained for experiment 1. ON PAPER: Compare the results. (1 point)
- (d) MATLAB: For each  $\alpha$  and each experiment, fit a polynomial of order 7. For each  $\alpha$ , plot the fitted polynomials in a subplot.

Compute the average parameter vector for each  $\alpha$  and plot the polynomial obtained from the averaged parameter vector.

ON PAPER: What do you observe? How does this relate to the result from Task 1b?

(2 points)

This sheet gives in total 10 points.